FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

- 1. Proposed Action. Proposed construction of a Physical Security Training Facility, Building 15, for the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC) at Glynco, Georgia.
- 2. Description. This action proposes the construction of a new building for use as a training facility at FLETC. The project includes construction of a new structure, including site work; renovation of existing parking area near the new structure; transfer of the training operation from an existing structure on FLETC; as well as modification and reuse of the existing structure for other ongoing FLETC activities.
- 3. Alternatives. Alternatives considered included (1) the proposed action, (2) and (3) consisting of optional locations for the new structure, and (4) no action.

4. Anticipated Environmental Impacts.

The proposed action would not impact any Federal or state-listed (endangered, threatened, or status review) species, so it would be in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. There are no wetlands on the proposed site, so the proposed action would be in compliance with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and with Executive Order 11990 concerning protection of wetlands. The proposed action would be in compliance with Executive Order 11998 concerning flood plain management, as the proposed site is not within a floodplain. The proposed action would not disproportionately affect minority or low-income populations, and would thus be in compliance with Executive Order 12898 concerning Environmental Justice.

A slight increase in storm water runoff would be expected by creation of the new structure. However, the proposed action would be conducted in compliance with the Master Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for FLETC (QST 1999).

The site proposed for the new structure is within a potentially eligible National Register Historic District. As such, the proposed construction could affect known cultural resources or historic properties. To minimize potential adverse effects, the exterior of the proposed facility would be designed to be visually compatible with existing adjacent structures. This action, coupled with obtaining concurrence from the State Historic Preservation Officer, would ensure that the proposed action would not have unacceptable impacts on cultural resources listed or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, or the potential National Register Historic District, itself.

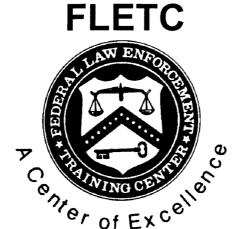
- 5. Mitigation. The proposed action would have minimal environmental impacts. Project mitigation would consist of (1) use of appropriate measures (Best Management Practices) for control of erosion and storm water runoff, landscaping and planting of grass around the disturbed area; and (2) designing the exterior of the new facility to be visually compatible with existing adjacent historic structures.
- 6. Finding of No Significant Impact. The enclosed Environmental Assessment was prepared and evaluated pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (Public Law 91-190, 42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.). I have concluded that the proposed construction of the proposed Physical Security Training Facility does not constitute a "major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment" when considered individually or cumulative in the context of the referenced act including both direct and indirect impacts. Therefore, an Environmental Impact Statement is not required.
- 7. Public Comment. Copies of this Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact will be distributed to agencies, elected officials, organizations, and individuals who have expressed interest in the project. In addition, a news release announcing the availability of these documents will be issued.
- 8. Point of Contact. Comments and inquiries for further information about this EA and FONSI should be directed to Mr. William Bailey, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (PD-E), P.O. Box 889, Savannah, Georgia 31402-0889, phone (912) 652-5781.

Reviewed and Approved by

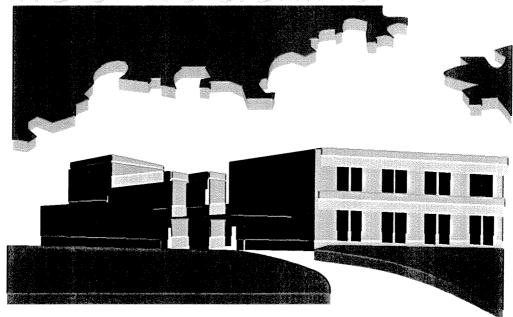
Mr. Michael R. Hanneld, Deputy Associate Director

Federal Law Enforcement Training Center

DATE



ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT AND FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT



CONSTRUCTION OF A PHYSICAL SECURITY TRAINING FACILITY



Prepared by: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Savannah District

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A PHYSICAL SECURITY TRAINING FACILITY, BUILDING 15

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER GLYNCO, GEORGIA

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- 1. Proposed Action. Proposed construction of a Physical Security Training Facility, Building 15, for the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC) at Glynco, Georgia.
- 2. **Description.** This action proposes the construction of a new building for use as a training facility at FLETC. The project includes construction of a new structure, including site work; renovation of existing parking area near the new structure; transfer of the training operation from an existing structure on FLETC; as well as modification and reuse of the existing structure for other ongoing FLETC activities.
- 3. Alternatives. Alternatives considered included (1) the proposed action, (2) and (3) consisting of optional locations for the new structure, and (4) no action.

4. Anticipated Environmental Impacts.

The proposed action would not impact any Federal or state-listed (endangered, threatened, or status review) species, so it would be in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. There are no wetlands on the proposed site, so the proposed action would be in compliance with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and with Executive Order 11990 concerning protection of wetlands. The proposed action would be in compliance with Executive Order 11998 concerning flood plain management, as the proposed site is not within a floodplain. The proposed action would not disproportionately affect minority or low-income populations, and would thus be in compliance with Executive Order 12898 concerning Environmental Justice.

A slight increase in storm water runoff would be expected by creation of the new structure. However, the proposed action would be conducted in compliance with the Master Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for FLETC (QST 1999).

The site proposed for the new structure is within a potential National Register Historic District. As such, the proposed construction could affect known cultural resources or historic properties. To minimize potential adverse effects, the exterior of the proposed facility would be designed to be visually compatible with existing adjacent structures. This action, coupled with obtaining concurrence from the State Historic Preservation Officer, would ensure that the proposed action would not have unacceptable impacts on cultural resources listed or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, or the potential National Register Historic District, itself.

- 5. Mitigation. The proposed action would have minimal environmental impacts. Project mitigation would consist of (1) use of appropriate measures (Best Management Practices) for control of erosion and storm water runoff, landscaping and planting of grass around the disturbed area; and (2) designing the exterior of the new facility to be visually compatible with existing adjacent historic structures.
- 6. Finding of No Significant Impact. The enclosed Environmental Assessment was prepared and evaluated pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (Public Law 91-190, 42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.). I have concluded that the proposed construction of the proposed Physical Security Training Facility does not constitute a "major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment" when considered individually or cumulative in the context of the referenced act including both direct and indirect impacts. Therefore, an Environmental Impact Statement is not required.
- 7. **Public Comment.** Copies of this Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact will be distributed to agencies, elected officials, organizations, and individuals who have expressed interest in the project. In addition, a news release announcing the availability of these documents will be issued.
- 8. Point of Contact. Comments and inquiries for further information about this EA and FONSI should be directed to Mr. William Bailey, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (PD-E), P.O. Box 889, Savannah, Georgia 31402-0889, phone (912) 652-5781.

Reviewed and Approved by	
Mr. W. Ralph Basham, Director	
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center	
,	
DATE	

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A PHYSICAL SECURITY TRAINING FACILITY, BUILDING 15

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER GLYNCO, GEORGIA

INTRODUCTION

The Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC) at Glynco, Georgia is the nation's leading organization for interagency training of Federal law enforcement personnel. Its mission is to provide high quality, cost-effective training to the Federal Government's law enforcement officers and agents. Currently, 73 Federal agencies participate in training at the FLETC. This Environmental Assessment (EA) follows the guidelines and regulations established by the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) and the standards and procedures for implementing those regulations as described on the Department of Treasury Directive of 1990 (Treasury Directive 75-02, Department of Treasury Environmental Quality Program). This EA describes those environmental impacts that would result from implementation of the proposed action.

PURPOSE AND NEED

Location

FLETC is located in Glynn County in southeast Georgia (see Figure 1). The Center is proposing to construct a new Physical Security Training Facility. The training operations that are presently conducted in another building on the FLETC premises would be transferred to the new facility. The existing training complex would subsequently be used for administrative purposes and storage. The new training facility would be located at the corner of Legislative Drive and Records Avenue (see Figure 2).

Need for the Proposed Action

Physical security training at FLETC is presently being conducted in Building 146, which is located in the southwest corner of the property. That building is directly adjacent to firing ranges. The exterior walls of the structure are concrete masonry and no sound barriers were provided when it was constructed. Therefore, loud and constant noise from the firing ranges adversely affects training conducted inside the structure. These conditions prevent totally effective delivery of the physical security training, and render Building 146 inefficient for its present use. Sound proofing the existing facility would

require extensive and costly work. Renovating Building 146 to maximize its effectiveness for the ongoing training would be cost prohibitive. The proposed action is intended to identify and select the best location for providing physical security training within FLETC.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED ACTION

The proposed action would consist of construction a new building (Building #15) at the intersection of Legislative Drive and Records Avenue to house the physical security training that is presently being conducted in Building #146. The building would be called the Physical Security Training Facility. The work would include:

- (1) Construction of a 12,000 square foot, one-story, standing seem galvanized steel roofed building, with architectural concrete masonry for the exterior bearing walls;
- (2) Site improvements consisting of storm drainage, walkways and landscaping;
- (3) Connection to the FLETC-wide underground chilled water and natural gas distribution loops. The new chilled water loop (supply and return lines) would connect to the nearest existing valve pit located approximately 800 feet southeast of the new facility;
- (4) Restoration of a roughly 5,000 square-foot existing paved area for parking;
- (5) Relocation of the training activities from Building #146; and
- (6) Modification and reuse of the existing training facility for other ongoing FLETC activities.

Appendix A contains the present drawings of the proposed structure.

ALTERNATIVES

Four alternatives, including the No Action Alternative, have been considered for the proposed action. Alternatives 1, 2 and 3 consist of alternate locations for the new training facility. Alternatives 1 and 2 would use vacant lands and would be compatible with existing land uses. Alternative 3 would use a site that will soon become vacant, after the imminent demolition and removal of an existing structure. Alternative 4 is the No Action alternative. Figure 3 shows the three locations included in Alternatives 1 through 3, including the preferred site (Site 1 on the figure).

Alternative 1, Proposed Action

The preferred alternative consists of constructing the new training facility at the southern corner of Legislative Drive and Records Avenue (see Figure 2, Site 1). The new facility will be an approximately 12,000 square foot 1-story building, containing three 48-person classrooms, a control room, restrooms, a break room, a janitor closet, a communication room, a storage room, a mechanical room, a boiler room, and covered outdoor areas. The building would have a sloped standing-seam galvanized steel roof, and an exterior finish of architectural concrete masonry blocks. Proposed site improvements include storm

drainage, walkways, and landscaping. An existing paved area adjacent to the proposed structure would be restored to provide parking area for the new facility. Parking for the disabled would be included.

The proposed site allows adequate setback from the edge of adjacent roadways. All required utilities are in the immediate vicinity and are readily available. The site is easily accessible by vehicles and by foot, and is within walking distance of other training facilities in the area. There are no other (short or long-range) site developments identified on the Master Plan for this area. Although the new facility would be located within an area that has been identified as eligible for listing as a Historic District in the National Register Historic Places, this proposed use would be compatible with the Master Plan's designated uses for the site.

The new facility would require ½ acre of land disturbance. Minimal tree cutting is required. Approximately 5-6 pine trees ranging in diameter from 12' to 24' require removal. The proposed site is not located within a flood plain and does not contain any wetlands. The site contains no habitat that would be suitable for any Federal or statelisted threatened or endangered species.

Alternative 2, Optional Site 2

Alternative 2 consists of constructing the same facility as in Alternative 1, but at a different location – called Site 2 (see Figure 3). This heavily-wooded site is located at the northern corner of Judicial Drive and Records Avenue.

The proposed site would adequate setback from the edge of adjacent roadways. The size of the site is adequate for construction of the new facility only. Sufficient land does not appear to be available to provide sufficient parking. All required utilities are in the immediate vicinity and are readily available. The site is easily accessible by vehicles and by foot, and is within walking distance of other training facilities in the area. There are no other (short or long-range) site developments identified on the Master Plan for this area. This proposed use would be compatible with the Master Plan's designated uses for the site. The site is located just outside an area that has been identified as potentially eligible for listing as a Historic District in the National Register Historic Places, but the same building exterior design would be used to ensure compatibility with those nearby historic resources.

The new facility would require approximately ½ acre of land disturbance. A drainage-way along Records Avenue would require modification, as would swales and ditches located on the site behind the Indoor Firearms Range (Building 221). Pedestrian walkways also cross the site. The site appears to have poor soil conditions, requiring either replacement of the unsuitable soil or modifications to the building's foundation design that would increase its cost. Substantial tree cutting would be required as the site

is heavily wooded. The proposed site is not located within a flood plain and does not contain any wetlands. The site contains no habitat that would be suitable for any Federal or state-listed threatened or endangered species.

Alternative 3, Optional Site 3

Alternative 3 consists of constructing the same facility as in Alternative 1, but at a different location – called Site 3 (see Figure 3). This site is located at the western corner of Legislative Drive and Records Avenue. The site is presently occupied by the Old Fire Station (Building #24), although that structure will soon be demolished.

The size of the site is generally adequate. However, existing facilities in the area may not allow the proposed facility to be located within the site and still provide adequate setbacks from the edge of adjacent roadways. Existing paved areas would need to be removed. Other paved areas in the vicinity would need to be reconditioned prior to their use as parking areas for the new training facility. All required utilities are in the immediate vicinity and are readily available. The site is easily accessible by vehicles and by foot, and is within walking distance of other training facilities in the area. There are no other (short or long-range) site developments identified on the Master Plan for this area. Although the new facility would be located within an area that has been identified as eligible for listing as a Historic District in the National Register Historic Places, this proposed use would be compatible with the Master Plan's designated uses for the site.

The new facility would require ½ acre of land disturbance. Minimal tree cutting would be required. The proposed site is not located within a flood plain and does not contain any wetlands. The site contains no habitat that would be suitable for any Federal or statelisted threatened or endangered species.

The existing Old Fire Station will soon be removed through demolition. Documentation of the structure as mitigation for the removal is scheduled to begin by the end of July 2000. The scheduled removal of this existing structure would not delay the start of construction for the new training facility, so occupancy of a new training facility would not be delayed by the presence of the existing structure.

Alternative 4, No Action

Under this alternative, no new construction would occur. Physical security training would continue to be performed in Building #146. Noise from the adjacent firing ranges would continue to reduce the effectiveness of the ongoing physical security training. This would limit the ability of FLETC to fulfill its mission of training Federal law enforcement personnel. This would reduce the effectiveness of those personnel when they return to their normal duties and could increase their risk of personal injury when performing those duties.

AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT

Physical Setting

FLETC is located in Glynn County in southeast Georgia, 3 miles north of Brunswick, Georgia. The climate is mild, with hot humid summers and abundant yearly rainfall. Brief frost and freeze events occur in winter. Snowfall is rare, occurring on average less than once per year. The topography of the site is regular with gentle slopes.

Biological Features

None of the alternative construction sites are located within a floodplain or contain any wetlands. Site 1, the preferred site, consists primarily of grassy areas with a few pine trees. Approximately 5-6 trees ranging in diameter from 12 to 24 inches DBH would require removal. Site 2 is heavily-wooded and contains several drainage-ways that would require modification. The site appears to have poor soil conditions, requiring either replacement of the unsuitable soil or modifications to the building's foundation design that would increase its cost. Substantial tree cutting would be required. Site 3 contains an existing structure – the Old Fire Station – that will soon be removed. Minimal tree cutting would be required.

The nearest wetland area is located south of the proposed site. This area is identified as Wetland #9 in the FLETC Facility Wide Wetland Delineation (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 1996) and is located roughly 1,300 feet from the closest proposed construction site.

A list of Federal and State-protected threatened and endangered species for Glynn County is enclosed in Appendix C. The FLETC property contains habitat that is suitable for only one of the protected species, the red-cockaded woodpecker, (<u>Picoides borealis</u>). There are no known red-cockaded woodpeckers within ½ mile of the three alternative construction sites, or any other location on FLETC property (Ozier 1997).

Hazardous Materials

No hazardous materials are known to exist on the sites considered in Alternatives 1 and 2. Other than ACM and lead-based paint that exist in the Old Fire Station, no other hazardous materials are known to be present on Site 3 (Alternative 3). Special precautions will be used to remove and dispose of those materials when that structure is removed.

Cultural Resources

A survey of historic buildings on FLETC was conducted in 1998 (Messick 1999). The site evaluated in Alternative 3 is located within an area that was identified as eligible for listing as a Historic District in the National Register Historic Places. The site contains the Old Fire Station, Building 24. That structure was not considered to be individually eligible for listing on the National Register. However, it was recommended eligible as part of the proposed Glynco Naval Operations District. The structure was identified as a contributing resource in the historic district, being significant under criterion A for its association with the World War II activities at Glynco Naval Air Station.

The structure had previously been identified and targeted for demolition, and the removal process is scheduled to begin in July 2000. The proposed use of the property would be compatible with the Master Plan's designated uses for the site. The sites evaluated in Alternatives 1 and 2 are located adjacent to, but outside the boundaries of the historic area. The exterior of the proposed Physical Security Training Facility was designed to be compatible with the structure in the nearby historic area. Sites 1 and 2 have experienced substantial prior disturbance, so no significant archeological resources are expected to still be present. A records check indicated there are no recorded archeological sites located within the three sites under consideration.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES

Physical and Biological Features

A list of Federal and State-protected threatened and endangered species for Glynn County is enclosed in Appendix C. The FLETC property contains habitat that is suitable for only one of the protected species, the red-cockaded woodpecker, (<u>Picoides borealis</u>). There are no known red-cockaded woodpeckers within ½ mile of the three alternative construction sites, or any other location on FLETC property (Ozier 1997). The pine trees within the proposed construction sites were visually inspected for cavities or cavity starts. None of the trees contain evidence of red-cockaded woodpecker activity. Therefore, no impacts to any identified threatened or endangered species would be expected from implementation of any of the construction alternatives.

No wetlands were identified on any of the three sites. The wetland area located roughly 1,300 feet south of the closest proposed construction site would not be affected by any of the construction alternatives.

Cultural Resources

Due to the extent of previous disturbance on sites 1 and 3, it is unlikely that any intact archeological resources remain on those sites.

The destruction of the Old Fire Station (Building #24) will occur independent of this proposed project. That structure is located on the site that is considered in Alternative 3. The deteriorated condition of the Old Fire Station renders its renovation infeasible. Since that structure was previously determined to be eligible as part of the proposed Glynco Naval Operations Historic District, mitigation is required prior to the loss of that structure. That mitigation would include, at a minimum, photographic documentation of the structure. Since the structure will soon be demolished, the site will be vacant and available for potential use for this project. Therefore, selection of Alternative 3 would result in similar impacts to historic resources as the other vacant sites considered for this project.

The exterior of the proposed Physical Training Facility would be designed to be visually compatible with existing adjacent historic structures in the proposed Naval Operations Historic District. Review and approval of that design by the State Historic Preservation Office will ensure the acceptability of the proposed new structure.

In summary, the compatibility of the proposed building's exterior design would result in their being no significant adverse effect on historic resources from the new structure. Potential impacts to cultural and historic resources would be lower with Alternatives 1 and 3 because of the previously disturbed nature of those two sites. Therefore, of the three construction alternatives, selection of either Alternative 1 or 3 would result in fewer impacts to cultural and historic resources.

Unavoidable Adverse Effects

Construction of the proposed Physical Security Training Facility would produce some unavoidable adverse environmental effects. Construction would produce temporary increases in traffic, noise and air pollution. These impacts would occur during the length of the construction process. The amount and extent of these impacts would be quite similar between all three construction alternatives. Rehabilitation and creation of additional paved parking areas would slightly increase storm water runoff from the construction site. The largest increase in runoff would occur with Alternative 2, since that site is presently heavily wooded. Some minor additional runoff would occur as a result of the new training facility, but that increase would be the same all three construction alternatives.

These adverse effects would be avoided if Alternative 4, the No Action alternative, were selected. However, that plan would result in continuation of the adverse effects of the present physical security training. Noise from the adjacent firing ranges would continue to reduce the effectiveness of the training now taking place in Building 146. This would limit the ability of FLETC to fulfill its mission of training Federal law enforcement personnel. This would reduce the effectiveness of those personnel when they return to their normal duties and increase their risk of personal injury when performing those duties.

Irretrievable Commitment of Resources

The proposed project would include disturbance of approximately 0.6-acre of land. The opportunity to enjoy or use the existing wooded and grass area would be lost due to decisions to manage the resource for another purpose.

Cumulative Impacts

No significant cumulative impacts resulting from the proposed action have been identified. The proposed construction is consistent with the FLETC Master Plan.

Mitigation Measures

The following mitigation measures would be included in the project to protect environmental and historic resources:

- Incorporate standard erosion controls (Best Management Practices) during construction, such as silt fences to protect adjacent areas.
- Plant trees, shrubs and grass after construction.
- Protect adjacent trees and their root system from machinery and construction equipment and activities.
- Designing the exterior of the new facility to be visually compatible with existing adjacent historic structures.

Summary

Implementation of Alternative 4, the No Action Alternative, would result in continuation of less than optimal training for law enforcement personnel that receive training at FLETC. This could subject them to increased risk of bodily injury while they perform their normal duties. If a feasible and acceptable alternative to this situation can be found, it should be pursued to increase the safety of those individuals.

Implementation of any of the three construction alternatives would not result in extensive, long lasting, or significant adverse environmental impacts. Impacts to cultural resources, wildlife, and runoff would be greater with Alternative 2, so that alternative should be avoided if an otherwise similar alternative is available. Facilities in the area of Site 3 (Alternative 3) may not allow the proposed new training facility to be located within the site and still provide adequate setbacks from the edge of adjacent roadways.

The mitigation actions described in the previous section would minimize environmental impacts from the construction of the proposed training facility. Selection of Alternative 1 would minimize overall environmental impacts from the proposed action and is the alternative proposed for implementation.

CONSULTATION AND COORDINATION

A copy of the draft EA will be sent to the US Fish and Wildlife Service, Brunswick Office, requesting their opinion with our determination of no impacts to Federally-listed threatened or endangered species. Our evaluation of potential impacts to protected species was based on a list of such species that was developed by the Brunswick office of the US Fish and Wildlife Service.

A copy of the draft EA will be sent to the Georgia State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) to obtain their concurrence with our determination of no impacts to historic properties or cultural resources from the proposed construction. Our evaluation of potential impacts to historic properties was based on the 1998 survey of historic structures on the FLETC property (Messick 1999). Review and approval by the SHPO will ensure this project's compliance with Section 106 the National Historic Preservation Act, including the recently revised regulations contained in 36 CFR part 800.

The draft EA will also be made available to the general public for comment. A notice will be published in the Brunswick newspaper announcing the availability of the document. The document will also be placed in the Brunswick public library for review by any interested individual.

Construction permits and other state/county permits that need to be obtained prior to construction are the responsibility of FLETC and/or its contractors.

REFERENCES

Behrend, Dave, Assistant Chief of Security and Investigative Services (SIF), FLETC, Personal communication regarding the security of entrance/exit gates of facility, April 20, 2000.

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), 100-year Flood Map, Glynn County, Georgia, Feb 2, 1989.

Jones, James M., Senior Environmental Protection Specialist, FLETC, Site visit and personal communication, March 30, 2000.

Messick, Denise P., 1999. A Historic Structures Survey of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, Glynn County, Georgia. New South Associates Technical Report 527. Report submitted by New South Associates, Inc., Stone Mountain, Georgia. Prepared for U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Savannah District.

Morgan, Kathleen A., Chief, Environmental Programs Branch, FLETC, Personal communication, April 18-20, 2000.

Ozier, Jim, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Non-Game and Wildlife Program 1997. Telephone conversation between with Mr. Bradley A. Foster, May 6, 1997.

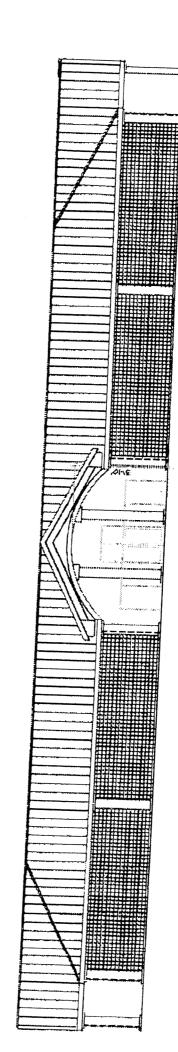
QST Environmental, Master Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for FLETC, September 1996; revised January 1999.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Planning Division, Savannah District, Facility Wide Wetland Delineation, Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, Glynco, Georgia, December 5, 1996.

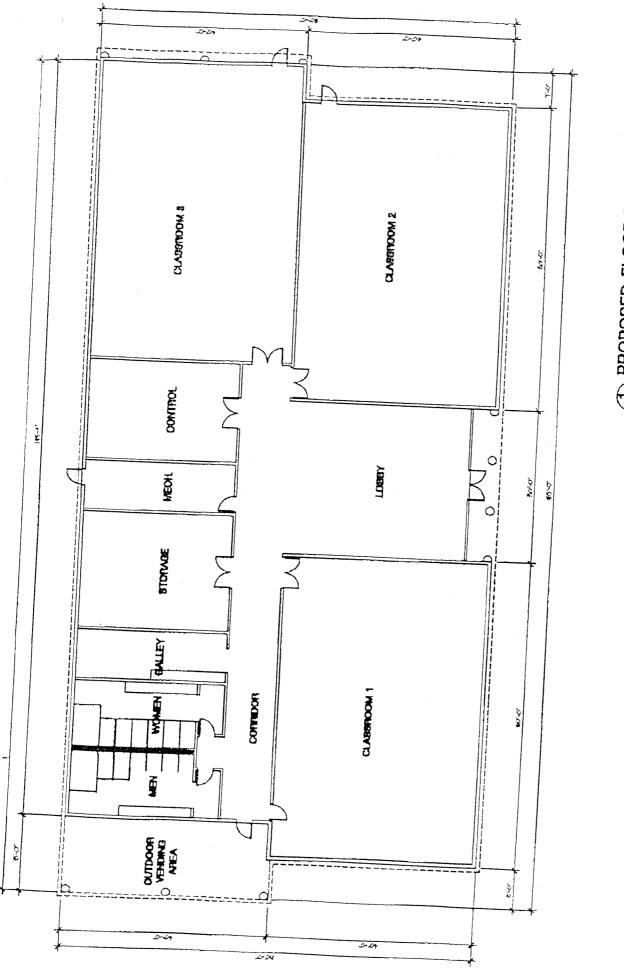
U.S. Geological Survey, 1956, Brunswick East Quadrangle, Georgia, (7.5-minute series topographic map).

APPENDIX A

DRAWING OF THE PROPOSED PHYSICAL SECURITY TRAINING FACILITY



PROPOSED FRONT ELEVATION



PROPOSED FLOOR PLAN

APPENDIX B

THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES IN GLYNN COUNTY, GEORGIA

THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES IN GLYNN COUNTY, GEORGIA

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME Mammals	FEDERAL STATUS	STATE STATUS
Balaena glacialis	Right whale	Е	Е
Megaptera novaeangliae	Humpback whale	E	E
Myotis austroriparius	Southeastern bat	SC	N
Trichechus manatus	West Indian manatee	Е	E
	Birds		
Aimophila aestivals	Bachman's sparrow	SC	R
Charadrius melodus	Piping plover	Т	Т
Charadrius wilsonia	Wilson's plover	N	R
Dendroica kirtlandii	Kirtland's warbler	E	E
Falco sparvenius paulus	Southeastern American kestrel	N	E
Haliaeetus L. leucocephalus	Southern bald eagle	T	<u>_</u>
Haematopus palliatus	American oystercatcher	N	$\frac{\mathcal{L}}{R}$
Mycteria americana	Wood stork	E	E
Picoides borealis	Red-cockaded woodpecker	E	<u>E</u>
Sterna antillarum	Least tern	N	R
Sterna nilotica	Gull-billed tern	N	
Vermivora bachmanii	Bachman's warbler	E	Ē
	Reptiles		
Caretta caretta	Loggerhead sea turtle	T	T
Chelonia mydas	Green sea turtle	T	T
Dermochelys coriacea	Leatherback sea turtle	E	E
Drymarchon corais couperi	Eastern indigo snake	T	T
Eretmochelys imbricata	Hawksbill sea turtle	E	E
Gopherus polyphemus	Gopher tortoise	SC	$\frac{z}{T}$
Lepidochelys kempi	Kemp's ridley sea turtle	Е	E
Ophisaurus compressus	Island glass lizard	SC	N
	Amphibians		
Rana areolata aesopus	Florida gopher frog	SC	SC
Rana capito capito	Carolina gopher frog	SC	SC

THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES IN GLYNN COUNTY, GEORGIA

(Continued)

	Fish/Shellfish		
Acipenser brevirostrum	Shortnose sturgeon	E	Е
Elliptio spinosa	Altamaha spinymussel	SC	N
	Plants		
Litsea aestivalis	Pondspice	SC	T
Plantago sparsiflora	Pineland Plantain	SC	N
Sageretia minutiflora	Climbing buckthorn	N	T
Tillandsia recurvata	Ball-moss	N	т

NOTE:

Species Status:

E - Endangered

T - Threatened

R - Rare

N-None

SC - Species Management Concern

SOURCE:

The information in this table was developed by the USFWS in February 2000.

APPENDIX C

NEWS RELEASE

APPENDIX C

NEWS RELEASE

The US Army Corps of Engineers, Savannah District, announces on behalf of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC) the availability of two draft Environmental Assessments (EA) and draft Findings of No Significant Impact (FONSI) for (1) proposed Building Renovations, and (2) the proposed construction of a new Physical Security Training Facility, which are located in Glynn, County, Georgia. These documents were prepared pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

The comment review and comment period will extend 30 days from the date of this publication. These documents are available for public inspection at the Glynn County Public Library located at 208 Gloucester Street, Brunswick, Georgia during the hours of 10:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday, and 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday. For more information contact Mr. James Jones, FLETC Senior Environmental Specialist, at (912) 267-3322.

APPENDIX D

COORDINATION LETTERS

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Letters that are received as a result of the public coordination and agency review will be included in the EA in this section and, thus, be available for record and review by the decision-maker before their final action on the EA and FONSI.